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Attorneys for Plaintiffs Briana Rivera, et al.,

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

UNLIMITED JURISDICTION

BRIANA RIVERA and ROSALIO TRUJILLO RIVERA, suing individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,	Case No.: RH9018580 CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT
Plaintiff,	
V	
COCO PROPERTIES JL, LLC, JEFFERY LEE, ARACELI VEGA, and DOES 1-30,)
Defendants.)

Plaintiffs Briana Rivera and Rosalio Trujillo Rivera ("Plaintiffs"), are suing both in their individual capacity and on behalf of all others similarly situated, alleges as follows:

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

Plaintiffs represent a class of past, present and prospective tenants ("Class Members") of defendants Coco Properties JL, LLC, Jeffery Lee, Araceli Vega and DOES 1-30 ("Defendants") which rent approximately 25 apartment units in the City of Fremont, Alameda County.

Defendant Coco Properties JL, LLC, currently owns the apartment complex located at 4273

Central Avenue, Fremont, CA ("Premises").

As part of their course of business, Defendants demand and collect unlawfully increased rents from Class Members at the Premises. Defendants demanding and collecting unlawful rents

violates California law and the City of Fremont's Residential Rent Increase Dispute Resolution Ordinance ("Ordinance"). As a result of this illegal conduct, Defendants jeopardize the health and safety of their tenants and the community at large, deprive Class Members of the financial means to acquire alternate housing, and gain an unfair advantage over law-abiding competitors who provide rental housing.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 1. This is a class action pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 382 seeking damages, injunctive relief and other equitable relief on behalf of Class Members and all persons similarly situated who are, have been and will become tenants of the Defendants, and those who have been or are at risk of being unlawfully deprived of money.
- 2. The "Class Period" is designated as the time period from four year's prior of this filing in Superior Court. During the Class Period, Defendants have a consistent policy of demanding and collecting unlawfully increased rents in violation of California law and the Ordinance.
- 3. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that Defendants, and DOES 1-30, owned, controlled, and/or managed the units that Class Members resided in during all relevant periods of time in this Complaint.
- 4. Pursuant to Civil Code section 827, landlords may only raise residential tenant rents upon written notice and in compliance with said statute. During the Class Period, Defendants have a consistent policy of increasing rents of Class Members in violation of this statute. Class Members are tenants and Defendants are landlords as defined within Civil Code section 827.
- 5. Pursuant to the Ordinance, landlords within the City of Fremont may only raise residential tenant rents as prescribed by the Ordinance. During the Class Period, Defendants have a consistent policy of increasing rents of the Class Members in violation of the Ordinance. Class Members are tenants and Defendants are landlords as defined within the Ordinance.
- 6. Class Members are informed, believe and on that basis allege that commencing at a time well prior to the Class Period, Defendants in collusion with each and all other Defendants, devised and engaged in a course of business conduct designed and intended to violate Civil Code section 827 and the Ordinance. During the course of their tenancies, all Class Members received

notices of changes of terms of tenancy or a rent increase notice which unlawfully raised the rent in their respective units. Each of the notices of change of terms of tenancy or rent increase notice which were given to Class Members violated Civil Code section 827 and the Ordinance. During their tenancies, Class Members have paid rents which were unlawfully raised, or are in jeopardy of paying rents which were unlawfully raised, to the Defendants pursuant to the notices of change of terms of tenancy or a rent increase notice. Additionally, the amounts of rent which are raised by Defendants in violation of Civil Code section 827 and the Ordinance are individually so small that it is economically unfeasible for the Class Members to pursue her remedies alone.

- 7. Defendants DOES 1-30 are individuals and/or business entities doing business in the County of Alameda and/or who are contracted to do work in the County of Alameda. Each and every Defendant was at all relevant times the agents and/or employees of other Defendants and acted within the scope of said agency and/or employment. Class Members do not know the true names of Defendants identified as DOES 1-30, but will seek leave to amend this complaint if and when Class Members discovers the identity of any of the Defendants now sued under the fictitious names DOES 1-30.
- 8. In committing the acts complained of herein, each Defendant acted as the authorized Agent, employee, and/or representative of each other Defendant. Each act of each Defendants complained of herein was committed within the scope of said agency, employment, or other representation, and each act was ratified by each other Defendant. Each Defendant is liable, in whole or in part, for the damages and injuries suffered by Class Members.
- 9. This Court is the proper Court because Defendants do business in its jurisdictional area, the damage to Class Members and the making of the contract which is the subject of this action occurred within its jurisdictional area.
- 10. Plaintiffs and Class Members are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that at all relevant times, Defendants were named Plaintiffs and Class Members' landlords, and Class Members were the tenants of Defendants as those terms, "landlord" and "tenant" are defined under California common law, Code of Civil Procedure section 1161 et seq. and Civil Code section 1980.

- 11. On or about March 1, 2013, Plaintiffs as tenants, and Defendants, as owner and/or agent and/or lessor, entered into a written agreement to rent the premises located at 4273 Central Avenue #14, Fremont, CA to Plaintiff. The essential terms of this agreement were as follows: Plaintiffs were to occupy the premises for 6 months, with a monthly rental value of \$1,500.00 due on the first day of each month. The terms of the agreement also required Plaintiffs to make a security deposit of \$900. A copy of this agreement is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.
- 12. Defendants named herein were the owners and/or property managers or the agents and/or employees of the owners and/or property managers of the Premises during all time periods relevant herein.
- 13. Plaintiffs suffered over-payment of rent and out-of-pocket expenses as a result of the acts and/or omissions committed by Defendants.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

- 14. Plaintiffs bring this action on behalf of themselves and as representatives of the Class Members similarly situated who have been proximately damaged or are currently at risk of being damaged by Defendants, including all former tenants of Defendants who have paid unlawfully increased amounts of rent.
- 15. This action has been brought and may be properly maintained as a class action under Code of Civil Procedure section 382 because there is a well-defined community of interest in the litigation and the proposed class is easily ascertainable.
- a. **Commonality**: Plaintiffs and the Class Members are all tenants, and former tenants of the Defendants who have paid Defendants rents which were unlawfully increased. Plaintiffs and the Class Members all share common questions of law and fact which predominate over any question or issue solely affecting individual members including but not necessarily limited to:
- i. Whether Defendants have raised rents of their tenants in violation of Civil
 Code section 827 and the Ordinance.
- ii. Whether Defendants have collected unlawfully raised rents from Plaintiff and Class Members.
 - iii. Whether the Defendants have breached the covenant of good faith and fair

dealing with their tenants by unlawfully raising and collecting their tenant's rents at the Premises.

- iv. Whether the Defendants unlawful raising and collecting rent constitutes an unlawful business practice, unfair business practice or an act prohibited by the Business and Professions Code section 17200, et seq.
- v. Whether the Defendants unlawful raising and collecting rents constitutes conversion.
- b. **Typicality**: The claims of Plaintiffs are typical of the claims of the Class Members. Plaintiffs and all Class Members are sustaining, have sustained, or are at risk of sustaining, injuries and damages arising out of and caused by Defendants conduct as alleged in the complaint herein.
- c. **Numerosity**: A class action is the only available method for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy, as the Court can resolve the matter in one rather than numerous lawsuits. Plaintiffs and Class Members are informed, believe and allege thereon that the Defendants own and/or rent at least approximately 25 residential units within the County of Alameda, and that the turnover on these units is such that the Class Members are likely to exceed 75. Membership will be determined upon an analysis of the Defendants rental agreements, notices of change of terms of tenancy, rent increase notices, notices of eviction, and written communications to the Plaintiffs and the Class Members.
- d. Superiority of Class Action: The damages suffered by Plaintiffs and Class Members, while not inconsequential, may be relatively small, and the expense and burden of individual litigation by each individual relatively large. Moreover, this fact is known by the Defendants, and this reality makes it impractical for Class Members to seek redress individually for the wrongful conduct alleged herein. A class action is a superior method of resolving this dispute and securing justice. Additionally, judicial economy would be enhanced as a multiplicity of lawsuits, undue hardship and expense for both the Court and the litigants will be avoided. In addition, the prosecution of separate actions would create a risk of inconsistent rulings, which might be dispositive of the interests of the other Class Members who are not parties to the adjudications and/or may substantially impede their ability to adequate protect their interests.

e. Adequacy of Representation: Plaintiffs in this action are adequate representatives of the Class in that their claims are typical of those in the Class. Plaintiffs have been damaged as alleged herein and are willing to go forward. Further, they have retained competent counsel who are ready, willing and able to vigorously prosecute this action.

COMMON FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 16. As alleged herein, Class Members are informed, believe and on that basis allege that commencing at a time well prior to the Class Period, Defendants in collusion with each and all other Defendants, devised and engaged in a course of business conduct designed and intended to violate the Civil Code section 827 and the Ordinance. During the course of all of their tenancies, all Class Members received notices of change of terms of tenancy or rent increase notices which raised the rent in their respective units. Each of the notices of change of terms of tenancy or rent increase notices given to the Class Members violated the Civil Code section 827 and the Ordinance. During their tenancies, Class Members have paid rents which were unlawfully raised, or are in jeopardy of paying rents which were unlawfully raised, to the Defendants pursuant to the notices of change of terms of tenancy or rent increase notices. Moreover, the amounts of rent which are raised by the Defendants in violation of Civil Code section 827 and the Ordinance are individually so small that it is economically unfeasible for the Class Members to pursue his/her remedies alone.
- 17. As alleged herein, Class Members are informed, believe and on that basis allege that commencing at a time well prior to the Class Period, Defendants negligently violated the Civil Code section 827 and the Ordinance. During the course of their tenancies all Class Members received notices of change of terms of tenancy or rent increase notices which raised the rent in their respective units. Each of the notices of change of terms of tenancy or rent increase notices were given to the Class Members in violation of Civil Code section 827 and the Ordinance. Each of the Class Members received said notices of rent increase or rent increase notices due to the Defendants negligence and/or negligent hiring/supervision/retention of their employees.
- 18. Plaintiffs and the Class Members were and/or are tenants of the Defendants under leases to residential units within Alameda County. Plaintiffs and the Class Members have paid unlawfully increased rental amounts to the Defendants, or are at risk of paying unlawfully

increased rental amounts to the Defendants.

- 19. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants unlawful conduct, as set forth in this complaint, Plaintiffs and Class Members have sustained damages and/or are entitled to the relief as described above, including but not limited to, (1) a return of all rents which were unlawfully obtained by the Defendants; (2) statutory interest on such amounts according to proof; (3) additional statutory damages for Plaintiffs and per Class Member due the acts and omission of the Defendants according to proof; (4) attorney's fees pursuant to contract, statute, and equitable doctrines of common fund and substantial benefit theories; (5) injunctive relief according to proof, including restorative damages of money wrongfully retained by Defendants, and interest thereon.
- 20. In addition to the foregoing, this action will result in the enforcement of important rights affecting the public interest, to wit: the right of the tenants of residential units to have their residential rental amounts determined in a lawful manner and free of harassment and intimidation. The successful conclusion of this litigation will confer a significant benefit on the general public and a large class of persons. Accordingly, Plaintiffs and Class Members are entitled to an award of attorneys' fees pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5. The necessity and financial burden of the private enforcement are such as to make such an award appropriate. Such fees should not, in the interest of justice, be paid out of the recovery.
 - 21. Wherefore, Plaintiffs and Class Members pray for the damages stated below.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION VIOLATION OF TITLE 9, CHAPTER 9.60 OF THE CITY OF FREMONT MUNICIPAL CODE

(Plaintiffs and Class Members v. All Defendants)

- 22. Plaintiffs and Class Members re-allege and incorporate into this cause of action the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 21, as if the same were set out at length herein.
- 23. As tenants of the residential property located in Fremont, California and subject to the Ordinance, Plaintiffs and Class Members are entitled to bring an action against all Defendants who have violated said Ordinance to their detriment.
- 24. The Ordinance provides safeguards for tenants in Fremont from illegal rent increases. Pursuant to the Ordinance, every landlord of residential rental property may only

increase rents as proscribed by the Ordinance, including providing notice of said increase which contains the required information as detailed in the Ordinance. Any rent increase accomplished in violation of the Ordinance shall be void. Moreover, pursuant to the Ordinance, when a landlord wrongfully or illegally increases a tenant's rent, a tenant is entitled to bring action for damages for any illegal rent increase amounts which were paid.

- 25. Defendants have violated the Ordinance, by illegally increasing Plaintiffs and Class Members' rent throughout their tenancies, said rental increases failed to comply with the Ordinance and did not advise Plaintiffs and Class Members of their rights to dispute Defendants' rent increases, or advise them of the Ordinance.
- 26. Plaintiffs and Class Members were harmed by these violations in that they were forced to pay illegal rent increase amounts. They have also been forced to hire an attorney to enforce their rights.
 - 27. Wherefore, Plaintiffs and Class Members pray for the damages stated below.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION BREACH OF CONTRACT CIVIL CODE SECTION 3300 ET SEQ. (Plaintiffs and Class Members v. All Defendants)

- 28. Plaintiffs and Class Members re-allege and incorporate into this cause of action the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 21, as if the same were set out at length herein.
- 29. Plaintiffs and Class Members and Defendants entered into a written residential rental agreement. Defendants were obligated to perform under the terms of this agreement. Plaintiffs and Class Members performed or were excused from performing their obligations under the contract. A covenant of good faith and fair dealing is contained in every residential rental lease and/or agreement in the State of California pursuant to state statute and common law.
- 30. Defendants breached the terms of said agreement on multiple occasions during the term of preceding the filing of this complaint by unlawfully raising Plaintiffs and Class Members' rents. Said conduct also breached the covenant of good faith and fair dealing contained in all the relevant rental agreements.
- 31. As a result of Defendants' conduct, Plaintiffs and Class Members suffered damages including overpayment of rent, out of pocket expenses, and other damages to be ascertained at trial.

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32. Wherefore, Plaintiffs and Class Members pray for the damages stated below.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION NEGLIGENCE

(Plaintiffs and Class Members v. All Defendants)

- 33. Plaintiffs and Class Members re-allege and incorporate into this cause of action the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 21, as if the same were set out at length herein.
- 34. Defendants owned and/or were otherwise responsible for the management of the Premises and had an obligation to ensure the Premises was and/or is managed in a manner that is in compliance with the law and not in violation of the Ordinance. As tenants, Defendants owed Plaintiffs and Class Members a duty of care which encompassed to ensure that the Premises was managed in a manner that is in compliance with the law. During the statutory period, Plaintiffs and Class Members suffered damages due to Defendants negligent failure to manage the Premises lawfully. Specifically, Plaintiffs and Class Members paid rents in excess of amounts which could be legally charged and were in violation of the Ordinance.
- 35. Defendants had ownership, and/or control of the Premises at the time of Plaintiffs and Class Members injuries. Prior to Plaintiffs and Class Members injuries, Defendants knew, or should have known not to raise tenant's rents at the Premises in violation of the Ordinance. Defendants' failure to comply with the Ordinance was a cause in fact of Plaintiffs and Class Members injuries and/or damages and/or contributed to the injury and/or damages of Plaintiffs and Class Members.
- 36. As a result of Defendants' conduct, Plaintiffs and Class Members suffered damages, including economic damages, in an amount to be ascertained at trial.
 - 37. Wherefore, Plaintiffs and Class Members pray for the damages stated below.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION NEGLIGENT HIRING/SUPERVISING/RETENTION OF EMPLOYEES (Plaintiffs and Class Members v. All Defendants)

- 38. Plaintiffs and Class Members re-allege and incorporate into this cause of action the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 21, as if the same were set out at length herein.
- 39. Defendants owned and/or were otherwise responsible for the management and staff at the Premises and had an obligation to ensure the Premises was and/or is managed in a manner that is in compliance with the law.

- 40. The Defendants who managed the Premises owed Plaintiffs and Class Members, as their tenants, the duty to manage the Premises and to perform their duties at the Premises in a reasonable and lawful manner. Defendants breached their duties by failing to train their employees adequately in relationship to the Ordinance and the required conduct to comply with the law for said employees. Plaintiffs and Class Members suffered harm due to said breach in an amount to be ascertained at trial.
- 41. As a result of Defendants' conduct, Plaintiffs and Class Members suffered damages, including economic damages, in an amount to be ascertained at trial.
 - 42. Wherefore, Plaintiffs and Class Members pray for the damages stated below.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION CONVERSION CIVIL CODE 3336 (Plaintiffs and Class Members v. All Defendants)

- 43. Plaintiffs and Class Members re-allege and incorporate into this cause of action the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 21, as if the same were set out at length herein.
- 44. At all times herein mentioned, Plaintiffs and Class Members were the lawful possessors and lawfully entitled to possession of the following personal property: money which was spent on illegally charged rents.
- 45. All Defendants took the above-mentioned property from Plaintiffs' possession and converted the same to their own use, intentionally.
- 46. Plaintiffs and Class Members did not consent to said deprivation of their personal property.
- 47. As a direct and proximate result of the conversion by Defendants, Plaintiffs have been damaged by the lost value and use of the property that was taken by the Defendants in an amount according to proof. Plaintiffs will seek leave to amend this Complaint once the amount is better ascertained.
- 48. As a direct and proximate result of the conversion by Defendants, Plaintiffs have been damaged by the lost use of their property, in an amount according to proof.
 - 49. Wherefore Plaintiffs pray for the damages stated below.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION UNFAIR BUSINESS PRACTICE VIOLATION OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE SECTION 17200 ET SEQ.

(Plaintiffs and Class Members v. All Defendants)

- 50. Plaintiffs and Class Members re-allege and incorporate into this cause of action the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 21, as if the same were set out at length herein.
- 51. Plaintiffs and Class Members bring this cause of action on Plaintiffs own behalves, on behalf of the Class Members and all persons similarly situated, and on behalf of the People of the State of California who paid any illegal rent increase amounts.
- 52. By reason of Defendants' failure to comply with Civil Code section 827 and the Ordinance, and state and local law for the management of real property, Defendants' conduct constitutes an unfair and/or unlawful business practice as set forth in California Business and Professions Code sections 17200 17208. Specifically, Defendants conducted business activities in violation of the legal mandates as alleged herein.
- 53. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that it is the regular practice of Defendants to intentionally disregard the rights of tenants and violate applicable laws relating to tenancies in their buildings in ways that include, but are not limited to, unlawfully raising and collecting tenant's rents.
- 54. The conduct of the Defendants, and each of them, is continuing and constitutes an ongoing threat and deterrent to the current tenants at the Premises. For that reason, among others, an injunction in the form set forth in the below prayer, which incorporated herein by reference, against the continuation of such conduct is reasonable, equitable and appropriate and should be ordered.
- 55. Because this conduct is continuing in nature as alleged, there is no adequate remedy at law with respect to the ongoing business activities of the Defendants, thus necessitating injunctive relief to protect those tenants and other landlords who conduct their business fairly, honestly and in compliance with applicable laws.
- 56. At all times herein relevant, Defendants were conducting business under the laws of the State of California, the County of Alameda, and the City of Fremont. In conducting said business, Defendants were obligated to comply with the laws of the State of California, the County of Alameda, and the City of Fremont.
 - 57. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' conduct, Defendants have accrued

unjust enrichment.

58. Wherefore, Plaintiffs and Class Members pray for the damages stated below.

CLAIM FOR EXEMPLARY DAMAGES(Plaintiffs and Class Members v. All Defendants)

- 59. Plaintiffs and Class Members re-allege and incorporate into this cause of action the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 22, as if the same were set out at length herein.
- 60. Defendants intentionally violated Plaintiffs and Class Members rights and caused them damage in an oppressive manner with malicious disregard for their rights as tenants.
- 61. Defendants actions were willful and done in conscious disregard of Plaintiffs and Class Members rights. Such willful and conscious disregard for Plaintiffs and Class Members rights justifies an award of punitive damages as such conduct was oppressive and malicious as defined by Civil Code section 3294. Defendants willful conduct also merits an award of substantial punitive damages against all Defendants. Defendants knew or should have known that their intentional raising of rents at the Premises posed a substantial risk of harm to Plaintiffs and Class Members. Defendants' actions arose to despicable conduct carried out by Defendants with willful and conscious disregard of the consumer and tenant rights and safety of others including Plaintiffs and Class Members.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs and Class Members pray for judgment as follows as to all Defendants:

- A. For an Order certifying the proposed and/or any other appropriate sub-classes under Code of Civil Procedure section 382;
- B. For an award to Plaintiffs and Class Members of damages for all of the unlawfully increased and collected rents within the Class Period, including statutory interest thereon and statutory damages to each member of the Class in amounts to be proven at trial;
- C. That Defendants be restrained, enjoined and ordered to disgorge all profits obtained by them and to pay restitution to Plaintiffs and Class Members and others similarly situated, together with statutory interest thereon, on account of their violations of Business and Professions Code sections 17200-17208;
 - D. That the Defendants be restrained and enjoined to cease and desist from further

1	unlawful activities in violation of Business and Professions Code section 17200, et seq. includir orders for the publication of this injunction, and its dissemination to all current tenants;		
2	E.	That the Court appoint an independent Trustee/Receiver to accept and retain all rents	
3	collected b	y the Defendants to prevent the continued collection of unlawfully increased rent;	
4	F.	For general damages in the amount of \$1,000,000.00, or according to proof for each	
5	cause of ac	etion;	
6	G.	For special damages in the amount of \$1,000,000.00, or according to proof for each	
7	cause of ac	etion;	
8	H.	For punitive and exemplary damages in the amount of \$2,000,000.00 or according to	
9	statute and	according to proof;	
10	I.	For compensatory damages in the amount of \$1,000,000.00, or according to proof;	
11	J.	For incidental expenses, past present and future;	
12	K.	For interest on the amount of losses incurred at the prevailing legal rate;	
13	L.	For attorney's fees in the amount of \$1,000,000.00, or according to contract, statute	
	pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5 or according to the equitable doctrines of		
14	common fi	and or substantial benefit theories;	
15	M.	For treble damages pursuant to Civil Code section 1947.11;	
16	N.	For costs of suit incurred herein;	
17	О.	For pre-judgment interest;	
18	P.	For statutory penalties; and	
19	Q.	For such other and further relief which this Court deems just and proper.	
20		LAW OFFICES OF ANDREW WOLFF, P.C.	
21	Data di Ma	2010	
22	Dated: Ma	Andrew Wolff, Attorney for Plaintiffs	
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4 45 .	LEASE AGREEMENT
THI	S AGREEMENT is made and entered into this Z day of March , 2013 between (Month)
	A Vy Cy Cy Wyrer/Agent", whose address and phone
	(Name of Ownerl Agent) Hull Total Control (Agent) 4552
nun	(Name of OwnerlAgent) nber are 4213 (entrul AVE #14 Fremont (A 94536 (50) \$74-4583 (Address and Telephone of OwnerlAgent)
and	(Address and Telephone of OwnerlAgent) Rosalio Rivera, Virginia Gamez, Roberto Corres and Burger Resident."
TH	E PARTIES AGREE AS FOLLOWS:
1.	RENTAL UNIT: Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, Owner rents to Resident and Resident rents from Owner, for residential use only.
	the premises located at: \[\frac{4213 \ (\text{CnTral} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	FIRMO IT CA, 94586
'n	RENT: Rent is due in advance on the <u>first</u> day of each and every month, at \$ 1,500,00 per month, beginning on
2.	3///3 payable at 42.73 ConTral Alli 4 4 Payments made in person may be (Address where payments should be delivered)
	(Date) (Address where payments should be delivered)
	delivered to Owner/Agent between the hours of <u>9:00 All</u> and <u>5:00 PM</u> on the following days of the week: Thomas Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday
	Acceptable methods of payment: Personal Check Cashier's Check Money Order EFT/Credit (see Owner/Agent for details) and Cash
	If rent is paid after the 3rd of the month, there will be a late charge of \$10 percent assessed. The parties agree that this late fee is presumed to be the amount of damage sustained by late payment of rent. It would be impracticable or extremely difficult to fix the actual damage. This sum represents a reasonable ended or by the Owner/Agent to estimate fair average compensation for any loss that may be sustained as a result of late payment of rent. Pursuant to California law, if Resident passes a check on insufficient funds, Resident will be liable to Owner/Agent for the amount of the check and a service charge of \$35.00, not to exceed \$25 for the first check passed on insufficient funds, and \$35 for each subsequent check passed insufficient funds.
3.	SECURITY DEPOSIT: Resident shall deposit with Owner/Agent, as a security deposit, the sum of \$ 900 (check one).
	Resident shall not use the security deposit to pay any month's rent. Owner/Agent may withhold from the security deposit or such amounts as are reasonably necessary to remedy Resident defaults including, but not limited to, the following: (a) defaults in the payment of rent,
	 (b) to repair damages to the premises caused by Resident, exclusive of ordinary wear and tear, and/or (c) to clean the premises, if necessary, upon termination of the tenancy in order to return the unit to the same level of cleanliness it was in at the inception of the tenancy, and/or
	(d) to restore, replace, or return personal property or appurtenances, exclusive of ordinary wear and tear. No later than 21 calendar days after Owner/Agent has regained possession of the premises, Owner/Agent shall return any remaining portion of such security deposit to Resident.
4.	TERM: The term of this Agreement is for $\underbrace{b mnTh}_{(Term)}$, beginning on $\underbrace{3/1//3}_{(Dete)}$ and ending on $\underbrace{8/31//3}_{(Dete)}$ at which time this
	Lease shall terminate without further notice. Any holding over thereafter shall result in Resident being liable to Owner/Agen for daily rental damages equal to the current market value of the unit, divided by 30. A "month-to-month" tenancy subject to the terms and conditions of this agreement shall be created only if Owner/Agent accepts rent from Resident thereafter, and so accepted, tenancy may be terminated by Resident after service upon "ie Owner/Agent of a written 30-day Notice of Termination. Except as prohibited by law, that month-to-month tenancy may be terminated by the Owner/Agent by service upon the Resident of a written 60-day notice of termination of tenancy. He vever, Civil Code Section 1946.1 provides that "is any tenant or resident has resided in the dwelling for less than one year", the Owner/Agent may terminate the tenancy by service upon the Resident of a written 30-day notice.



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5.	UTILITIES: Resident shall pay for all utilities, services and charges, if any, made payable by or predicated upon occupancy of Resident, except:
6.	CASH PAYMENT: The Owner/Agent may demand or require cash as the exclusive form of payment of rent or deposit of security if the tenent has previously attempted to pay the Owner/Agent with a check drawn on insufficient funds or the tenant has instructed the drawee to stop payment on a check, draft, or order for the payment of money. If the Owner/Agent chooses to demand or require cash payment under these circumstances, the Owner/Agent shall give the Resident a written notice stating that the payment instrument was dishonored and informing the Resident that the Resident shall pay in cash for a
	period determined by Owner/Agent, not to exceed three months, and attach a copy of the dishonored instrument to the notice
7.	OCCUPANTS: Premises shall be occupied only by the following named person(s): Virginia Gomez Name Bithdate
	Roberto Corres Visitadate Brillia Delvera Birthdate Name Les lie Rivera Valetce Rivera Jason Rivera Birthdate
8.	PROHIBITIONS: Without Owner/Agent's prior Written permission as an addendum to this Agreement, no pets, no waterbeds

- 9. QUIET ENJOYMENT: Resident shall not violate any criminal or civil law, ordinance or statute in the use and occupancy of the premises, commit waste or nuisance, annoy, molest or interfere with any other Resident or neighbor. Any such action may result in the immediate termination of this Agreement as provided herein and by law.
- 10. REPAIRS AND ALTERATIONS: Except as provided by law, no repairs, decorating or alterations shall be done by Resident without Owner/Agent's prior written consent. Resident shall notify Owner/Agent in writing of any repairs or alterations contemplated. Decorations include, but are not limited to, painting and wallpapering. Resident shall hold Owner/Agent harmless and indemnify Owner/Agent as to any mechanics lien recordation or proceeding caused by Resident. Resident may not make any alterations to cable or telephone inside wiring (such as may occur when changing telecommunications providers or adding phone lines) without prior written consent of the Owner/Agent. The notice shall include the name, address, and telephone number of any new telecommunication provider. Resident agrees to pay all costs resulting from the alteration and agrees to pay to the Owner/Agent any costs associated with restoring the inside wiring to the condition at the time of move-in, except for reasonable wear and tear.
- 11. ACCEPTANCE OF PREMISES: Resident has inspected the premises, furnishings and equipment, and has found them to be satisfactory. All plumbing, heating and electrical systems are operative and deemed satisfactory.
- 12. CARE, CLEANING, MAINTENANCE AND INSURANCE: Resident agrees to leave the premises in the same condition as it was received, subject to normal wear and tear. Except as prohibited by law, Resident shall keep the premises and furniture, furnishings and appliances, and fixtures, which are rented for Resident's exclusive use, in good order and condition. Upon move-out, Resident agrees to return the unit to the same level of cleanliness it was in at the inception of the tenancy. Resident I is I is not (check one) responsible for the upkeep of the yard and landscaping. Resident shall pay Owner/Agent for costs to repair, replace or rebuild any portion of the premises damaged by the Resident, Resident's guests or invitees. Resident's property is not insured by Owner/Agent. Resident is not a co-insured and is expressly excluded from any insurance policy held by Owner/Agent which is now in effect or becomes effective during the term of this Agreement.
- 13. WAIVER OF BREACH: The walver of either party of any breach shall not be construed to be a continuing waiver of any subsequent breach. The receipt by Owner/Agent of the rent with the knowledge of any violation of a covenant or condition hereto shall not be deemed a waiver of such breach. No waiver by either pany of the provisions herein shall be deemed to have been made unless expressed in writing and signed by all parties to this Rental Agreement.
- 14. JOINT AND SEVERAL LIABILITY: The undersigned Resident(s), whether or not in actual possession of the premises, are jointly and severally liable for all obligations under this Rental Agreement, and shall indemnify Owner/Agent for liability arising prior to the termination of the Rental Agreement for personal injuries or property damage caused or permitted by Resident(s), their guests and invitees. This does not waive "Owner/Agent's duty of care" to prevent personal injury or property damage where that duty is imposed by law.
- 15. ENTRY: California law allows Owner/Agent or his/her employee(s) to enter the premises for certain purposes during normal business hours. The Owner/Agent will provide written notice to the Resident prior to the entry of the dwelling unit whenever required by state law. (Civil Code Section 1954.) Resident's non-compliance with Owner/Agent's lawful request for entry is a material breach of this Agreement that may be cause for immediate termination as provided herein and by law.
- 16. SUBLETTING AND ASSIGNMENT: No portion of the premises shall be sublet nor this Agreement assigned. Any attempted



_ shall be kept or allowed in or about the premises.



subletting or assignment by Resident shall, at the election of Owner/Agent, be an irremediable breach of this Agreement and cause for immediate termination as provided herein and by law.

- 17. BREACH OF LEASE: In the event that Resident breaches this Lease Agreement, Owner/Agent shall be allowed at Owner/Agent's discretion, but not by way of limitation, to exercise any or all a medies provided Owner/Agent by California Civil Code Section 1951.2 and 1951.4. Damages Owner/Agent "may recover" include the worth at the time of the award of the amount by which the unpaid rent for the balance of the term after the time of award, or for any shorter period of time specified in the Lease Agreement, exceeds the amount of such rental loss for the same period that the Resident proves could be reasonably avoided.
- 18. SALE OF PROPERTY: In the event of the sale or refinance of the property: If Owner/Agent presents to Resident a "Resident's Certification of Terms Estoppel Certification," or other similar Estoppel Certification form, Resident agrees to execute and deliver the certificate acknowledging that this Agreement is unmodified and in full force and effect, or in full force and effect as modified with the consent of Owner/Agent, and stating the modifications, within ten (10) days of written notice. Failure to comply shall be deemed Resident's acknowledgement that the certificate as submitted by Owner/Agent is true and correct and may be relied upon by any lender or purchaser.
- 19. SMOKE DETECTION DEVICE: The premises are equipped with a functioning smoke detection device(s), and Resident shall be responsible for testing the device weekly and immediately reporting any problems, maintenance or need for repairs to Owner/Agent. If battery operated, Resident is responsible for changing the detector's battery as necessary. Owner/Agent shall have a right to enter the premises to check and maintain the smoke detection device as provided by law.
- 20. NOTICE: Pursuant to Section 290.46 of the Penal Code, information about specified registered sex offenders is made available to the public via an Internet Web site maintained by the Department of Justice at www.meganslaw.ca.gov. Depending on an offender's criminal history, this information will include either the address at which the offender resides or the community of residence and ZIP Code in which he or she resides.

21.	ADDENDA: By initialing as provided, Resident acknowledges receipt of the following applicable addenda, as indicated, copie of which are attached hereto, and are incorporated as part of this Agreement
	Resident Policies Addendum Smoke Detector Addendum C C & Rs
	Move-In/Move-Out Itemization Pet Addendum Drug Free Housing Addendum
	Pest Control Notice Addendum Asbestos Addendum Proposition 65 Brochure
	Satellile Addendum Lead Disclosure Addendum Other: Mc uan Low Addendum
	Pool Rules Addendum
22.	ENTIRE AGREEMENT: This Agreement, which includes all attachments referred to above, constitutes the entire Agreement between the parties and cannot be modified except in writing and signed by all parties, except as permitted by applicable law. Neither Owner/Agent, nor any agent or employee of Owner/Agent has made any representations or promises other than those set forth herein.
23.	CREDIT REPORTS: A negative credit report reflecting on your credit history may be submitted to a credit reporting agency if you fail to fulfill the terms of your credit obligations. Resident expressly authorizes Owner/Agent (including a collection agency) to obtain Resident's consumer credit report, which Owner/Agent may use if attempting to collect past due rent payments, late fees, or other charges from Resident, both during the term of the Agreement and thereafter.
	ATTORNEYS' FEES: If any legal action or proceeding is brought by either party to enforce any part of this Agreement, the prevailing party shall recover, in addition to all other relief, reasonable attorneys' fees and court costs, unless one of the following two boxes is checked: The prevailing party shall recover, in addition to all other relief, attorneys' fees not to exceed \$, plus court costs. Deach party shall be responsible for their own attorneys' fees and court costs.
	undersigned Resident(s) acknowledge(s) having read and understood the it regoing, and receipt of a duplicate original.
<u>^2</u>	-01-13 Nikolinia Folices 8/1/13
Date	Resident Date Resident
23: Date	-01-13 Coscalio Rivery - 03/1/13 Prigna Price par Resident
.3 Date	1 //3 OwneriAgent
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